

Sutherland Shire Junior Cricket Association

Administration Regulations & Traditional Cricket Regulations



**INTERIM VERSION ONLY
(CHAPTER 9 IS STILL UNDER REVIEW)**

LAST UPDATED: 7 AUGUST 2008

Preface

This document covers the SSJCA Administration Regulations and the Regulations for Traditional Cricket. It replaces the following documents:

- Administration regulations
- Competition Regulations
- Trophy Regulations
- SSJCA Adjustments to the MCC Laws of Cricket

For those familiar with SSJCA Regulations there are no changes to the effect of any existing regulation other than those listed below which have changed since last season as a result of our normal review process which:

- Starts with the Presidents and Secretaries meeting;
- The SSJCA Committee review; and
- The vote of club delegates.

NOTE of CAUTION:

These regulations are still under review. They will be finalized at the next Delegates meeting on 9th September.

- Regulation 7.1 (Close Fielding) may come under review at the next Delegates Meeting
- Regulation 10.1.3 (Association Awards) may come under review at the next delegates meeting
- Regulation 9 (Code of Conduct) is currently being reviewed

Changes since the 2007-08 Season

- 1) Regulation 2.4.5 (The Boundary) now permits the scoring of a 6, in Tradition and Modified
- 2) Regulation 3.2.4 (Playing 3 Games in a Higher Age or Grade) has been changed so that when a player plays 3 matches in the Sydney Grade Competition then they should remain in that Competition.
- 3) Regulation 3.3 (The Toss) has been changed to state that the toss should occur between 30 and 10 minutes before the start of the match
- 4) Regulation 3.4.2 (Requesting a 1-day Match Due to Insufficient Players) has been added to permit a request for a 1 day match rather than forfeit the full match.
- 5) Regulation 3.12 (Breaches Arising from Matches) has now been broadened to distinguish between technical breaches and Code of Conduct. The protocol for managing disputes is now formalized in these regulations.
- 6) Regulation 4.3 (Loss of Time on Day One) has been changed to permit extensions to a 1st innings for reasons other than the weather and the field.
- 7) Regulation 7.1 (Close fielding) has been changed to permit fielding within 10 metres, with protective equipment, for Under 16, 14A, 14B and 12A.
- 8) Regulation 8.2.3. (Player Eligibility) has been changed removing the requirement to be present at a match for 100% of the time.

Tom Croucher
Competition Manager

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1 SSJCA ADMINISTRATION

1.1 Introduction

Administration of the Sutherland Shire Junior Cricket Association Inc. (SSJCA) shall be in accordance with its Constitution, these Regulations and the MCC Laws of Cricket (2000 Code). In accordance with the provisions of Rule 35 of the SSJCA Constitution the [Management Committee](#) may alter the traditional MCC Laws of Cricket.

This document contains:

- The Administration Rules of the SSJCA; and
- The competition rules for all Traditional formats played in SSJCA Competitions.

The Rules for the MOD Cricket format are available separately on the '*Cricket Online*' web site.

Where the MCC Laws have been adopted without change they have not been included in this document, except for 6.5 Dangerous and unfair bowling. The MCC Laws can also be found on '*Cricket Online*'. When reading MCC Laws replace the reference to the "Executive of the fielding side" with "Competition Manager".

1.2 Fees and Fines

1.2.1 Association Fees

- 1) The Management Committee shall determine and advise all clubs of the annual fees for the nomination of teams and registration of players.
- 2) The Finance Manager will forward to each Club an invoice providing details of the amount due.
- 3) Fees must be settled within **30 days** of receipt of the Invoice.
- 4) Any club that fails to pay its fees within the time specified and fails to satisfy the Finance Manager as to the reason for non-payment will be in default.

1.2.2 Appointment of Umpires and Payment of Fees

Each season the Management Committee will request the Sutherland Shire Cricket Umpires Association (SSCUA) to provide umpires for the SSJCA competitions and will advise clubs of the fees for umpiring services.

1.2.3 Fines

- 1) The Management Committee may, as necessary, fine a club or clubs, or any member thereof, for any breach of SSJCA Regulations or the MCC Laws. Each breach will be dealt with on its merits in accordance with these Regulations. The amount of the fine shall be as determined by The Management Committee unless specifically provided for within these Regulations.
- 2) Any fine imposed by the SSJCA on any club or member must be paid within **30 days** of date of notification to the club or member in default.
- 3) Any Club or member in default shall be disqualified from taking further part in the SSJCA Competition until such time as the default is remedied to the satisfaction of the Finance Manager.

1.2.4 End of Season

- 1) All club accounts shall be tabulated and posted by 1 March.
- 2) Any club or player having unpaid debts or fines owing to the SSJCA shall not take part in the competition finals until the unpaid debts or fines are paid.
- 3) Any club or player in default at 31 March (other than in respect of fines levied during that month) shall not be eligible for Association Awards or Trophies.

1.3 Team Nomination and Grading

1.3.1 Team Nominations

- 1) Each Club shall submit to the Competition Manager, by the date specified by the Management Committee, the names of players for each team as follows:
 - (a) Traditional cricket - between 9 and 13 players
 - (b) Mod 12 cricket - between 8 and 13 players

- (c) Mod 10 cricket - between 8 and 13 players
- (d) Mod 8 cricket - between 6 and 10 players
- 2) The submission of a Team Nomination does not guarantee right of entry to an Association Competition. Final acceptance of the Team Nomination and entry of the team is subject to the following.
 - (a) The Club nominating a Coach and Manager for each team, and
 - (b) The approval of that Team Nomination by the Management Committee. The SSJCA reserves the right to reject the nomination of any coach, manager or player to any team.
- 3) If a player's name appears on 2 team nominations submitted by 1 club, he/she shall be a member of the higher age group or grade.
- 4) If a player's name appears on the team nomination of 2 different clubs he/she shall be a member of his/her original club.
- 5) Once the team nomination date has passed Clubs may not add, remove or transfer players without the consent of the Competition Manager.

1.3.2 Grading of teams

- 1) The SSJCA Grading Committee will meet within a week of the closing date for Team Nominations to:
 - (a) Determine the most suitable grade for each team in each age group.
 - (b) The number of teams in each grade
 - (c) To recommend to the Competition Manager the Competition format for each age and grade
- 2) The Competition Manager will advise clubs of their team grading as soon as possible after the Grading Committee has finalized the grading of all teams.

1.3.3 Changing Nominated Teams

- 1) When a Club has 2 teams in the same grade then before the start of the season, the club may move players between these teams. The teams, after any changes, will remain in the grade they were originally placed. Any changes made in these circumstances must be notified to the SSJCA Competition Manager prior to the start of the season.
- 2) Other than in the described circumstances above a Club shall not move players between teams in the same age group and grade.

1.3.4 Regrading Players

After the 3rd round of the competition (there being no interference due to weather or other factors) the Management Committee will assess the performance of individual players and may regrade any player(s) as required.

1.3.5 Regrading Players

- 1) After the 3rd round of the competition (there being no interference due to weather or other factors) The Management Committee will assess the performance of teams and may regrade any team(s) as required.
- 2) Should a Club wish to have a team regraded it may submit a request in writing, with reasons in support, to the Competition Manager after the completion of Round 2 and before the commencement of Round 3.
- 3) Where a team has not requested regrading but is being considered for regrading the Competition Manager may request the Club to submit a brief report outlining their preference for retention in their current grade or regrading.

1.4 Player Registration

1.4.1 Registration of Players Prior to Team Grading

- 1) A person shall be registered as a playing member of their nominated team when:
 - (a) The SSJCA receives their club's Team Nomination, and
 - (b) The evidence of age has been confirmed, and
 - (c) The Management Committee approves their nomination in that team.
- 2) No person seeking to register as a player subsequent to the submission and approval of a Club's Team Nomination shall be eligible to play unless the Management Committee approves his/her registration.
- 3) All registered male players shall be under the age of their groups (i.e. 16,14,12,10 and 8) at Midnight on 31 August in that year.
- 4) Age shall be proven by a Birth Certificate or extract thereof or, in exceptional circumstances, other evidence acceptable to the Management Committee.

- 5) A player once registered with the Association and satisfying the evidence of Age requirements is not required to submit further evidence in subsequent years.
- 6) The Management Committee may reject the Registration of any player at any time, provided that the grounds upon which rejection is based are well founded and not in conflict with anti-discrimination laws.
- 7) The Management Committee may exercise a degree of flexibility in accepting and determining the age groups for girls playing in the SSJCA Competitions.

1.4.2 Late Registrations

- 1) A Club may register a player at any time throughout the season (See 8.2 Player Eligibility regarding eligibility for SSJCA Competition Finals).
- 2) In approving the late registration of a player the Management Committee reserves the right to review the performance of that player and their team and re-assess the appropriateness of the original grading decision.

1.4.3 Unregistered or Disqualified Players

- 1) Any Player who fails to comply with the evidence of age criteria or who otherwise fails to comply with 1.4.1 Registration of Players Prior to Team Grading prior to playing shall remain unregistered. For breaches of this rule:
 - (a) Any team playing an unregistered or disqualified player shall lose all points for the matches in which that player took part.
 - (b) The awarding of points to the non-offending team competing against any team that contains an unregistered or disqualified player shall be at the discretion of the Match Review Committee after having reviewed the circumstances relating to the playing of an unregistered or disqualified player.
 - (c) The offending Club may be fined an amount determined by the Management Committee.

1.4.4 Transfer of Players Between Clubs

- 1) Following the submission and finalisation of team nominations and the grading process any player seeking to transfer from one Club to another during that season shall produce a clearance from the Club with which they are currently registered.
- 2) The clearance must be submitted to, and approved by, the Management Committee before any such transfer can take effect.
- 3) The Management Committee may reject the transfer of any player at any time.

1.4.5 Transfer of Players Between Associations

- 1) In accordance with the NSWDCAI Regulations any player **who has not played** during the current season and who is not under suspension or on its list of defaulters shall be entitled to play with another Association without a clearance, subject to any domestic Rule of an Association.
- 2) A player **who has played** during the current season and desires a transfer to another Association or District Club must first obtain a clearance from the Association with which he/she is currently playing. Such a clearance must be issued within **7 days** of receipt of the request and may only be withheld if the player is unfinancial or in default.

1.4.6 Assistance to District Grade Club

- 1) If the Sutherland District Cricket Club requires a player in an emergency, the Secretary of the S.D.C.C. shall contact the Association Secretary or in his/her absence the Competition Manager who shall nominate from a list of eligible players.
- 2) If such an emergency occurs on the second day of a SSJCA competition match an eligible replacement player may be chosen who shall be allowed to bat, bowl and keep wickets.

1.5 Coaches and Managers

1.5.1 Coaching Qualifications

- 1) A Coach may only coach 2 teams if they are playing in different time periods.
- 2) A coach must hold or obtain within the current season the minimum level coaching certificate relevant to cricket issued by Cricket Coaches Australia. If a nominated coach has given an undertaking in the previous season to obtain such qualifications and has not completed such undertaking that person shall not be permitted to coach until accredited.

1.5.2 Working with Children Legislation

- 1) Each Club Secretary is required to supply the Association certificates to meet the requirements of coaching accreditation (See Regulation 1.5.1) and child protection legislation.
- 2) If a Certificate is not submitted within the time frame specified or details are not provided for all teams, then those teams for which details are not provided will be deemed to be “non-registered” and those members (players) will not be able to participate in the Association’s competition(s).

1.5.3 Attendance at Instructional Meetings

Where meetings are called for the purpose of issuing competition instructions to club or team officials the following shall apply:

- 1) Attendance shall be compulsory for those persons so advised by the Competition Manager.
- 2) 2 competition points will be awarded to each team properly represented.
- 3) No person may represent more than 1 team at such a meeting without the prior approval of the Competition Manager.

1.6 Competition Format

- 1) Annual competitions shall be conducted in age groups or divisions designated as Under 16, Under 14, Under 12 and Under 10. Each age group shall be divided into grades depending upon the number of teams nominated.
 - (a) The Association may also schedule and conduct matches on a non-competitive basis for Under 8 players
 - (b) The Association may also schedule and conduct a separate competition for Girls.
- 2) The competitions consist of:
 - (a) Traditional Cricket
 - (b) Mod 12 Cricket
 - (c) Mod 10 Cricket
 - (d) Mod 8 Cricket
- 3) Traditional Cricket is for Grades as below:
 - (a) Under 16 years, all grades
 - (b) Under 14 years, all grades
 - (c) Under 12 years, at least 12A and 12B
 - (d) Under 10 years, at least 10A.
- 4) With the exception of those grades listed the Grading Committee shall determine which grades shall play Traditional cricket or another format approved by the SSJCA.
- 5) Competition matches shall be played in accordance with rules contained in these regulations and where applicable the MCC Laws of Cricket.
- 6) As far as possible all matches will be scheduled for Saturday. Before considering the scheduling of matches on Sunday, other options should be considered which may include (but not be restricted to) varying the number of grades participating in 60 over matches, and utilizing all fields that may be made available.

1.7 Club Championship

- 1) Club Championship points shall be calculated as follows:
 - (a) Multiply “A” grade team points by 6
 - (b) Multiply “B” grade team points by 4
 - (c) Multiply “C” grade team points by 3
 - (d) Multiply “D” grade team points by 2 and
 - (e) “E” grade and lower and teams playing MOD Cricket by 1
 - (f) The extended points for each team in a club will be tallied and divided by the number of their teams playing in these competitions plus 1.
- 2) Teams playing Mod 8 cricket do not contribute points towards the Club Championship.
- 3) Teams playing girls cricket do not contribute points towards the Club Championship.

1.8 Offensive Correspondence

Any correspondence directed to the Association that, in the opinion of the Association Secretary, may contain libelous, slanderous, offensive or damaging remarks against any player, manager, umpire or club official shall be discussed 'in Camera' by the Management Committee.

1.9 The Management Committee Authority

- 1) In accordance with Rule 37.1 of the Constitution the Management Committee is empowered to act on matters not specifically provided for in these Regulations of the Association and shall be the sole authority for their interpretation.
- 2) In the case of infringements of SSJCA Regulations, such matters shall be reviewed by the Management Committee or referred to an appropriate sub-committee for a decision as to action to be taken or the imposition of any penalties.
- 3) The Management Committee may at its discretion, and in accordance with rule 35.4 of the Constitution, direct a change in the Laws of Cricket arising from a direction or request of the NSWDC. It may also introduce any short-term amendment to any part of the SSJCA Regulations required to address circumstances arising. All such changes must be notified to Clubs no less than **14 days** in advance of the change taking effect. A temporary change shall automatically lapse at the end of the season in which introduced.
- 4) In conducting the business affairs of the SSJCA, a member of the Management Committee, and any other person appointed as a member of a SSJCA Sub-committee, shall not use his/her position to represent or promote the interests of any one club with which they might have had a prior, or continuing association,

2 EQUIPMENT

2.1 Approved Club Shirts

- 1) Any club proposing to change their playing shirt is to submit details of the proposed change to the Management Committee for approval. As a guideline, in addition to their standard club badge, a playing shirt must limit sponsorship advertising as follows:
 - a) No more than 2 sponsor logos;
 - b) Each logo to be no more than 75mm by 75mm in size;
 - c) No advertising or promoting of tobacco, alcohol or hotels;
 - d) Advertising cannot be predominantly red.
- 2) Upon receiving approval, the club is to provide a sample shirt to be held by SSJCA.

2.2 Standard of Dress

- 1) All players taking part in any competition match shall wear a predominantly white or cream shirt, white or cream trousers or shorts, white socks. Girls may wear culottes.
- 2) Footwear must be predominantly white and, in the interests of safety, must have a non-slip all weather sole.
- 3) Bowlers shall be permitted to play in shoes that are designed to support their bowling action. However, these shall also be predominantly white.
- 4) No player shall be allowed to bat or bowl in footwear containing studs or spikes.
- 5) Headgear, if worn, other than when batting (see Regulation 5.2), shall be the cap of the club the player is representing, a white hat, or cricket helmet.
- 6) It shall be the duty of all Coaches and Managers in the first instance inform any offender of the standard of dress and not allow any player to participate unless he/she conforms. Infringements will be dealt with by the Management Committee who may fine a club or suspend a player. (See 3.12

Breaches Arising From Matches)

2.3 The Field

2.3.1 The Allocation of Fields

- 1) All teams shall use fields as directed by the SSJCA and matches shall be played and completed on those fields as set down in the draw.
- 2) The field allocated in the draw shall not be changed by either team but the Competition Manager may, where circumstances warrant such action, change the venue for a match either:
 - a) before the commencement of play on day 1,
 - b) or where circumstances warrant such action after the completion of day 1 and prior to commencement of play on day 2.

2.3.2 Preparation of the Pitch

- 1) Both teams shall be responsible for preparing the pitch, the wickets, and supplying 3 stumps and 2 bails, all free of defects.
- 2) Wherever possible creases shall be re-marked during a match at the request of the umpires in which case the team designated the home team for that match shall be responsible for meeting that request.
- 3) The pitch may be swept during a match at the wish of either captain. Such sweeping of the Pitch as is necessary shall be done so as it causes as little delay to the match as possible.

2.4 The Boundary

- 1) Each participating team shall be responsible for providing at least 10 boundary markers and for having them placed in position.
- 2) Boundary markers must be no more than 20 metres apart.
- 3) When placing boundary markers teams are required to make maximum use of the ground provided subject to the following maximums:
 - (a) Under 8 - 30 metres
 - (b) Under 10 - 40 metres
 - (c) Under 12 - 45 metres
 - (d) Under 14 - 55 metres
 - (e) Under 16 - 65 metres
- 4) Unless there are natural boundaries, a rope or a drawn line the boundary is the **straight line** between the markers.
- 5) 6 runs shall be scored if the ball lands on or beyond the boundary on the full.
- 6) 4 runs shall be scored if the balls reaches or crosses the boundary, and not on the full.
- 7) Any infringement of this Regulation shall be dealt with by the Management Committee.

2.5 The Ball

SSJCA Competitions will be conducted using the following cricket balls.

- 1) Traditional Cricket (50 and 60 Overs)
 - (a) Under 10 and 12 age group - Platypus Googly Longlife of 142 grams
 - (b) All Other Grades Platypus Googly Longlife of 156 grams
- 2) Traditional Cricket (35 Overs) - Platypus Googly Longlife of 142 grams:
- 3) MOD 12 Cricket
 - (a) Under 12 Age group - County Century plastic of 142 grams
 - (b) All Other Grades County Century plastic of 156 grams
- 4) Mod 10 Cricket
 - (a) County Century plastic of 142 grams
- 5) Mod 8 Cricket
 - (a) Eastern Incrediball, or
 - (b) Gray-Nichols Wonderball

3 THE MATCH

3.1 The Umpires

- 1) Umpires may be appointed to a match as follows;
 - a) The Sutherland Shire Cricket Umpires Association (SSCUA) may appoint one or more umpires;
 - b) The SSJCA may appoint one or more umpires;
 - c) In the event that no official umpires are appointed each team shall appoint an umpire
- 2) Where an SSCUA or SSJCA umpire is appointed the teams shall;
 - a) Accept the umpire as the main umpire for the match.
 - b) Pay the prescribed fees in full on the last day of the match. When there is no play due to wet weather in a match the umpire's fees must still be paid in full.
- 3) Where an SSCUA or SSJCA appointed Umpire is in control of the game, the Square Leg Umpire shall be supplied by the teams as follows:-
 - a) Grades 14B and above - by the Batting side.
 - b) Grades 14C and below - by the Fielding side.
- 4) Umpires should confer before the match and agree on the starting time and any other matters where there may be differing interpretations of rules according to the age and grade of the teams.
- 5) Team appointed umpires may be changed during a match, but this should be done during normal intervals and after consultation with previous umpires regarding starting times and any other agreements.

3.2 The Number of Players and Substitutes

3.2.1 Number of Players per Team

- 1) Prior to the 'Toss' Teams should exchange a team list, which may only be altered with the consent of the opposing team manager.
- 2) The **maximum** numbers of players per team is:
 - (a) In A Grade up to 12 players;
 - (b) In all other grades up to 13 players.
- 3) In all grades:
 - (a) Only 11 players may **bat in a match**, i.e. only the players who were listed to bat in the 1st innings are entitled to bat in the 2nd innings; and
 - (b) Only 11 players may bowl in a match, i.e. only the players who were listed to bowl in the 1st innings are entitled to bowl in the 2nd innings.
- 4) The **minimum** number of players per team is 6 (see 3.4 Forfeits)

3.2.2 Substituting in Another Team (i.e. Fielding Only)

- 1) To qualify as a substitute a person must:
 - (a) Be a registered player of the SSJCA and not subject to any disqualification; and
 - (b) Be eligible to play in the age and grade for which they are substituting.
- 2) If called upon to act as a substitute a player is limited to being a fielder, and may not bat, bowl, or keep wickets.
- 3) For an infringement of this regulation:
 - (a) the team(s) in which he/she plays in which he/she is not a registered player, will lose all points for that round; and
 - (b) In addition to the penalty above, infringement of these regulations will result in the matter being considered by the Management Committee as to any further penalty that may be imposed as a result of any offending club's actions.

3.2.3 Playing in a Higher Age or Grade (i.e. to bat, bowl or keep wickets)

- 1) Players playing in a higher Grade or Age group
 - (a) A current Representative player who plays in an older Age group may only play in an A Grade team.
 - (b) A non-Representative player who plays in the same age group as a temporary measure may only play in a higher grade (e.g. a player from 12C team may only play for a 12A or 12B).
 - (c) A non-Representative player who plays in an older age group as a temporary measure may not play more than 1 grade lower than that in which he/she is registered to play (e.g. a player from 12B team may only play for a 14A, 14B or 14C team) unless specifically approved by the Competition Manager.

- 2) In each and any competition round a player is limited to taking part in **1 match** only for his/her club as a declared member of a team unless the two matches are at completely separate times.
- 3) Players may not play or substitute in an age or grade below the team in which they are currently registered.

3.2.4 Playing 3 Games in a Higher Age or Grade

- 1) Any player who plays in three matches during a season in any age group or grade higher than that in which initially registered shall on completion of the third match remain in the higher age group and grade.
- 2) For the purposes of this regulation, the higher age group or grade is defined to include games played in:
 - a) SSJCA competitions, excluding representative teams; and
 - b) Any Sydney Cricket Association competitions, excluding Sydney Grade Club representative teams such as Green Shield.
- 3) An application to rescind this ruling may be made in writing; either after or before the event. The Secretary of the player's club should forward the application, with reasons in support, to the Association Secretary for consideration by the Management Committee. Approval will not be unreasonably withheld.

3.3 The Toss

- 1) The captains shall toss for the choice of innings on the field of play not earlier than 30 minutes before, and no later than 10 minutes before, the scheduled or rescheduled time for the match to start.
- 2) If the toss has not been conducted by 5 minutes after the time scheduled for the start of play the offending team:
 - (a) Shall be deemed to have lost the toss; and
 - (b) May be subject to further penalty imposed by the SSJCA.

3.4 Forfeits

3.4.1 Inability to Start Match

- 1) Should a team not be ready to commence play 30 minutes after the scheduled start of play, the opposing team may lodge a claim for a forfeit with the Secretary of the SSJCA. Should a team intend to lodge a claim in this regard the Umpires or opposing Manager shall be informed.
- 2) If instead of claiming a forfeit the teams agree to play the match may proceed and the non-offending side may not subsequently lodge a claim for forfeit because of the late start.
- 3) SSJCA shall deal with all claims for forfeits arising from this Regulation.
 - (a) Any team forfeiting a match shall give an explanation to the Management Committee.
 - (b) The SSJCA reserves the right to impose a penalty on the offending team.

3.4.2 Requesting a 1-day Match Due to Insufficient Players

Where a team is able to field the minimum number of players for one weekend only of a two-day game then instead of forfeiting the game the club may request a 1-day match on the day they have sufficient players.

For this to occur the process is as follows:

- 1) Seek the approval of their opponent;
- 2) Write to the Secretary of the SSJCA advising the circumstances and requesting a 1-day match;
- 3) If the SSJCA approves the request then:
 - a) 3 points will be allocated to the non-forfeiting team;
 - b) 0 points to the forfeiting team; and
 - c) the game will be played as a 1-day fixture with the winner collecting an additional 2 points.

3.5 Scoring

- 1) The Management Committee shall issue the Scorebook to be used.
- 2) Duties of the Scorers
 - (a) Scorers shall be required to keep the full batting and bowling analysis for both teams.
 - (b) Both Scorers shall record in the score book, the over by over analysis for all bowlers, in both teams.
 - (c) Where a bowler is restricted due to pace (see Regulation 6.4) the letter R must be shown.
- 3) Umpires shall initial each Scorebook at the completion of each innings and at the cessation of play.
- 4) Clubs shall hand in scorebooks and statistics as required by the Competition Manager.
- 5) Failure to abide by any part of this Regulation shall be dealt with by the Management Committee.

3.6 Match Times

3.6.1 Start Times

- 3) Weather permitting competition games shall be of times and duration as prescribed by the Competition Manager. Currently the start times are as follows:
- 60 overs – 8.30am to 12.10pm
 - 50 overs – 8.00am to 11.00am
 - 35 overs – 11.10am to 1.10pm

3.6.2 Drinks Breaks

3.6.2.1 Two Day Games

- Under normal conditions** the following shall apply:
 - In 3 1/2 hour (60 overs) games only a compulsory 10 minute break shall be taken at the end of the over in progress at 10.15am on each day.
 - Should an innings end or is declared within 15 minutes of that time there shall be no refreshment break. The normal 10-minute changeover time only shall apply.
 - In 3 hour (50 over) games a compulsory 5-minute drink break shall be taken on field at the end of the over in progress at 9.30am.
 - In 2 hour (35 over) games a compulsory 5-minute drink break shall be taken on field at the end of the over in progress at 12.05pm.
- On hot days**, and by mutual agreement, drinks may be taken at not less than hourly intervals and must not exceed 5 minutes. **PLAYERS MUST REMAIN ON THE FIELD.**

3.6.2.2 One Day Games

- A one day game may be a specifically programmed match or a match where Day 1 has been completely lost. In such a game there shall be a 10 minute change of innings and the following shall apply: -
 - 60 over competition – team batting first to complete their innings at 10.15 am and the team batting second to complete their innings at 12.10pm.
 - 50 over competition – team batting first to complete their innings at 9.25 am and the team batting second to complete their innings at 11.00am.
 - 35 over competition – team batting first to complete their innings at 12.05pm and the team batting second to complete their innings at 1.10pm

3.6.3 Starting an Innings with less than 15 minutes batting time

- If on Day 1 of a 2 day match the innings of the team batting first is completed and there is less than 15 minutes of batting time remaining (that is 25 minutes of actual time), it shall not be mandatory for the team batting second to begin its innings.
- If a team chooses to bat under such circumstances then play will continue until the scheduled time for the close of play.

3.6.4 Use the full playing time

Unless an outright result has been achieved teams should continue to play until the scheduled end of play irrespective of whether a further result appears to be possible. It would not be expected that a new innings would start where less than 15 minutes batting time remains and no further result is possible.

3.7 Coaching During Periods of Play

- In all under 16, 14A and 14B games.
 - Captains shall be in sole control of the game and team.
 - Use of the 12th man to convey messages/instructions to and from the captain during periods of play is a breach of this law and may result in a penalty being determined according to the circumstances
 - Team coaches are not permitted to provide guidance, give instructions, or conduct any form of coaching during periods of play when the team is in the sole control of the captain.
- In all other grades coaching shall be restricted to advice between overs provided that the giving of such advice does not delay the game.
- In the case of infringements of this regulation the matter shall be referred to the appropriate delegated body of the Management Committee for a decision as to the result of the match and penalties, if any, to be imposed. See 3.12

Breaches Arising From Matches

3.8 Declaring an Innings Closed

- 1) The declaration is subject to the following:
 - (a) The captain of the side batting first shall not declare the innings closed until the side has batted for at least 1 hour
 - (b) If an innings is declared closed at the end of the first day's play, the side batting 2nd shall commence batting at the scheduled start of play on the 2nd day.
 - (c) If an innings is declared closed at the scheduled start of the second day of play, the opposing team shall commence batting 10 minutes after the scheduled start of play. If an innings is declared closed 10 or more minutes prior to the scheduled start of play, play shall commence at the scheduled time.
- 2) If the team batting first does not wish to bat for its full quota of overs, the team batting second shall still be entitled to receive its full quota of overs regardless of the number of overs received by the team batting first.

3.9 The 'Follow On'

- 1) If a team that bats first leads by 75 or more runs after the 1st Innings of each team they shall have the option of requiring the other team to bat again.
 - a) When the 'follow on' is applied the team batting first retains the right to bat a 2nd time if required to obtain an outright win.
 - b) The captain shall notify the opposing captain and the umpires of his intention to take this option.
- 2) Where a team leads by less than 75 runs on the 1st Innings and they ask the opposition to bat again (i.e. 'follow on') then they forfeit their 2nd innings and it shall be recorded as 0 wickets for 0 runs. In these circumstances an Outright can be achieved;
 - a) By the team batting 1st if they dismiss the opposition for a combined total less than their 1st Innings;
 - b) By the team batting 2nd if their combined scores exceed the other team's 1st Innings.

3.10 Determining the Result of the Match**3.10.1 Win Outright**

A team wins outright when its total runs scored for the match, whether 1 or 2 innings, exceeds the total of the two **completed** innings of their opposition; where in the 2nd innings of the losing team **completed** means that it was "All Out".

3.10.2 Win on 1st Innings

A team "Wins on the 1st Innings" if its 1st Innings score exceeds the 1st Innings score of its opponent, provided that its opponent:

- 1) Was dismissed, or
- 2) Declared its innings closed, or
- 3) Batted the full quota of overs.

3.10.3 Win on Run Rate

- 1) If, for any reason, the team batting second does not receive its full quota of overs, the match shall be decided by comparison of the run rates of both teams. These run rates are calculated by dividing the total number of runs scored by the total number of overs bowled.
 - (a) Where a team has been dismissed or declared its innings closed before receiving its full quota of overs its Run Rate shall be calculated by dividing the total number of runs scored by the number of overs it **could** have received.
 - (b) For the purpose of run rate calculations, in incomplete overs, only each legitimate ball bowled shall count as 1 sixth of an over, but the runs scored from No-Balls, Wides etc. shall be included in the calculation.
 - (c) Provided that the minimum number of overs (see 2)4.4 The Minimum Overs for an Innings) have been completed by each side, the team with the better Run Rate being declared the winner on the 1st Innings.
- 2) For example if the 1st batting team is dismissed for 150 after 43 overs (in a 50 over match) its run rate

is 3.00 (150 divided by 50), and if its opponent scores as follows:

- (a) 3 wickets for 151 off 37 overs the result is a loss and run-rate is not considered as the opposition passed their score of 150,
- (b) 3 wickets for 65 off 20 overs the result is a draw because the minimum of 25 overs has not been bowled,
- (c) 3 wickets for 87 off 30 overs the result is a win on run-rate as 87 divided by 30 equals 2.90.

3.10.4 A Draw

- 1) The match shall be a draw if there is no play on either day.
- 2) The match shall be a draw if:
 - (a) conditions on Day 2 result in a reduction in overs; and
 - (b) no result has already been achieved; and
 - (c) the number of overs to be bowled is less than the minimum required (see 2)4.4 The Minimum Overs for an Innings)

3.10.5 Difficulties Determining the Result

- 1) If there is a discrepancy between the batting and bowling figures the innings score shall be based on the bowling analysis.
- 2) If a decision cannot be made both teams should submit their scorebooks to the Competition Manager who will determine the result.

3.11 Recording Match Results

3.11.1 Match Recording Process

- 1) At the conclusion of each match, details of the match scores shall be provided promptly to the Competition Manager in the format required.
 - (a) Currently results are recorded on the website (www.cricket-online.info).
 - (b) Results for all Saturday Competition games are to be recorded by 6.00pm on the Sunday following the conclusion of the match.
- 2) Failure to submit results or the provision of incomplete or erroneous results shall be dealt with by the Management Committee.
- 3) Teams will not be awarded competition points until a valid result has been recorded. Penalties may apply for failure to supply complete results in a timely manner.

3.11.2 Match Points

- 1) Competition Points shall be awarded as follows:

(a) Outright win after leading on First innings	8 Points
(b) Outright win after tie on First innings	6 points
(c) Outright win after trailing on First innings	5 points
(d) Outright loss after trailing on First innings	0 Points
(e) Outright loss after tie on First innings	2 Points
(f) Outright loss after leading on First innings	3 Points
(g) Tie outright after leading on First innings	5 points
(h) Tie outright after trailing on First innings	3 Points
(i) Tie outright after tie on First innings	4 Points
(g) Win on First innings	5 Points
(k) Lose on First innings	1 Point
(l) Tie on First innings	3 Points
(m) Draw	3 Points
(n) Win on Forfeit	Maximum Points of Round
(o) Loss on Forfeit	0 Points
(p) Bye Even	5 Points
(q) Bye Odd	Maximum Points of Round

NOTE: Odd & even byes occur in competitions where all teams will not receive the same number of byes. Even byes occur in that part of the competition where all teams have a bye. Odd byes occur in that part of the competition where some teams have a bye & some do not. E.g. where 7 teams play in an "8 team competition" of 10 rounds, rounds 1 – 7 are even byes and rounds 8 – 10 are odd byes.

- 2) Where the Competition Manager becomes aware of an error or irregularity occurring in a match or in the submission of a match result the awarding of points may be deferred pending investigation.

3.12 Breaches Arising From Matches

There are two types of breaches that may occur in matches:

- 1) Breaches of SSJCA regulations (or 'Technical' Breaches); such as:
 - a) Bowling 12 players in the same match,
 - b) Failure to observe Bowling restrictions.
- 2) Breaches of the Code of Conduct (See Chapter 9) (or 'Misconduct') such as:
 - a) Disputing an umpires decision;
 - b) Acting in a manner outside the spirit of Cricket.

The process in each case is described below.

3.12.1 Breaches of SSJCA Regulations

'Technical' Breaches should be reported directly to the Competition Manager. At the end of each round the Competition Manager will report all technical breaches to the Management Committee and recommend the appropriate penalties. In general the penalties for these offenses will include the following:

- A letter advising the club of the breach and requesting that the Team Manager be informed of the breach and the appropriate SSJCA regulation; or
- A fine imposed on the club; or
- Loss of points for that match.

3.12.2 Breaches of the Code of Conduct

Where conduct at match breaches the Code of Conduct intervention and correction should occur at the earliest opportunity and the following protocol is recommended:

- The team managers should discuss the matter and attempt to seek a resolution at the match.
- If the matter is not resolved satisfactorily at the match the team manager should contact their club secretary with the aim of seeking a satisfactory resolution between the clubs
- If the matter is not resolved by the clubs then it may be referred to the Competition Manager by the Club Secretary who submits an Incident Report.

To bring an unresolved incident to the attention of the SSJCA

- 1) An Incident Report must be submitted in writing by the Club Secretary and be in the hands of the Competition Manager within **10 days** of the incident.
- 2) Reports must contain all relevant facts with supporting reasons and must be signed by the Club Secretary. Verbal representations will not be accepted.
- 3) There shall be no fee required for the submission of a report but should any report be deemed upon investigation to be frivolous or mischievous the lodging club may be fined an amount not exceeding \$25.

3.12.3 Intervention by the Competition Manager

Regardless of whether or not the team or the club have dealt with a matter to their satisfaction the Competition Manager, upon becoming aware of a serious breach of the Code of Conduct, may also:

- 1) Make enquiries,
- 2) Seek written reports,
- 3) Refer the matter to the Match Review Committee.

4 WEATHER CONDITIONS AND LOSS OF TIME

4.1 Lightning (30/30 Rule)

Play shall cease immediately if a lightning flash is followed by thunder less than 30 seconds later. Play shall not resume until 30 minutes after the last such lightning flash.

4.2 Weather Conditions

4.2.1 Play Abandoned by the SSJCA

If, in the opinion of the Management Committee, weather conditions prevailing on the first morning of the match indicates that the commencement of play would be unsafe for players and officials or if the overall state of the grounds suggests they are unfit for play, the Competition Manager shall notify all Clubs that play has been abandoned for the day.

4.2.2 Prior to the Start of the Match

- 1) Unless a Club has been officially notified by the Competition Manager that play has been abandoned for the day:
 - (a) The sole decision as to the fitness of ground, weather and light shall rest with the official umpire.
 - (b) In the absence of an official umpire the decision rests with the team appointed umpires.
- 2) Where there is disagreement that play should commence both teams shall remain at the ground until further inspections are made.
- 3) If half the scheduled playing time has elapsed and no agreement has been reached play shall be abandoned for the day.

4.2.3 Once match has commenced

- 1) ***In all under 16 grades, 14A and 14B*** any decision regarding the fitness of ground, weather and light shall be in the hands of the Captains. Where they disagree:
 - (a) the matter shall then be in the hands of the Official Umpire(s).
 - (b) In the absence of an official umpire(s) the Team Appointed Umpires shall make any relevant decision and should they disagree the state of affairs existing at the time of the disagreement shall continue.
 - (c) Once the decision making process has been handed to the umpire(s) it shall remain with the umpire(s) for the remainder of the match.
- 2) ***In all other Grades*** any decision regarding the fitness of ground and weather shall be in the hands of the team appointed umpires. Should they disagree the state of affairs existing at the time of the disagreement shall continue.
- 3) On day 2 of a match where teams are off the field due to the conditions and the match officials are not able to agree they should remain until there is no chance of a result, taking into account;
 - (a) The number of overs that could be bowled;
 - (b) The current scores, and
 - (c) The minimum over; required for a result.

4.3 Loss of Time on Day One

4.3.1 Caused by the Ground, Weather, Light or Other Interruption

If there is a loss of time during the innings of the team batting first; due to:

- 1) The condition of the ground, or
- 2) The weather, or
- 3) Light, or
- 4) An interruption subsequently approved by the Competition Manager

Then the following shall apply:

- 1) The time lost for an interruption is counted from the call of Time until the time for resumption of play as decided by the umpires.
- 2) The overs quota for both teams shall be adjusted by deducting 1 over for each full 7 minutes lost.
- 3) The innings of the team batting first shall continue until the required numbers of overs have been bowled unless previously dismissed.

4.3.2 Other Causes

If time is lost for any other reason and the required number of overs has not been bowled then

- 1) the innings of the team batting first shall conclude at the proper time; and
- 2) the team batting second shall then be limited to receiving the same number of overs.

4.4 The Minimum Overs for an Innings

4.4.1 Two Day Games

The minimum number of overs for a result to be obtained is:

- 1) 60 overs competition - 30 overs
- 2) 50 overs competition - 25 overs
- 3) 35 overs competition - 17 overs

4.4.2 One Day Games

- 1) If the entire first day's play is lost due to condition of ground, weather or light, then on Day 2 a One-Day game is played as follows:
 - (a) 60 over grades play a 30 over match with the minimum of 20 overs
 - (b) 50 over grades play a 25 over match with the minimum of 17 overs
 - (c) 35 over grades play a 17 over match with the minimum of 12 overs

5 BATTING

5.1 Number of Batters

Only 11 players may bat for each team in a match. If there is a 2nd innings then only the same 11 players may bat again.

5.2 Protective Gear for Batters

- 1) All Batters must wear a helmet, leg guards, batting gloves and (for males) a protector.
- 2) Except for Under 8's all players taking part in any competition match or any authorised practice activity shall wear, while batting, a specifically designed properly fitting cricket **helmet** with face guard.

5.3 Retiring Batters

- 1) In the first innings only of a 35 over match a batter shall immediately retire, not out, on reaching 25 runs.
 - (a) He/she may not return to the crease until all other players have batted.
 - (b) He/she shall be entitled to return to the crease at the fall of the last wicket, if overs remain.
 - (c) If more than 1 batsman retires not out having attained 25 runs, then should there be opportunity to return to the crease to continue batting, the batsman first retired shall bat first

6 BOWLING

6.1 Number of Bowlers

Only 11 players may bowl for each team in a match. If there is a 2nd innings then only the same 11 players may bowl again.

6.2 Number of Balls per Over

- 1) In Under 10 Competitions there shall 6 deliveries only per over. Wides and noballs shall not be re-bowled.
- 2) In other age groups wides and noballs are rebowled. Except in A Grade the umpires may agree to a maximum number of balls per over.

6.3 No Ball

The umpire at the Bowler's end should signal and call No Ball in SSJCA matches for any of the following reasons:

- 1) If the balls lands outside the synthetic surface or concrete pitch area.
- 2) If the bowler changes to over the wicket or around the wicket without advising the Umpires (MCC

Law 24.1)

- 3) For an illegal arm action while bowling (MCC Law 24.2)
- 4) For an illegal delivery determined by the feet (MCC Law 24.5)
- 5) If a ball bounces 3 or more times before it reaches the batting crease, or is rolled along the ground. (MCC Law 24.6)
- 6) Position of wicket-keeper (MCC Law 40.3)
- 7) Limitation of on side fielders (MCC Law 41.5)
- 8) Fielders encroaching on the pitch (MCC Law 41.6)
- 9) Attempted run out by the bowler before delivering the ball (MCC Law 24.4)
- 10) Dangerous and unfair bowling (see 6.5 Dangerous and unfair bowling)

6.4 Bowling Restrictions

- 1) During the first innings of each team the following restrictions apply:
 - (a) In Under 10 and Under 12 no bowler may bowl more than 8 overs;
 - (b) In addition all bowlers shall be limited to a maximum of:
 - i) 12 overs in a 60 overs innings,
 - ii) 10 overs in a 50 overs innings,
 - iii) 7 overs in a 35 overs innings.
- 2) If time is lost due to the condition of Ground, weather or light no bowler may bowl more than 1/5th of the total number of overs allocated to his/her team.
 - (a) Where a match is reduced and the total number of overs to be bowled is not divisible by 5 the odd overs may be distributed among the Bowlers to be used at the rate of not more than 1 each; for example if the overs total is 47 then 2 bowlers may bowl 10 overs and no other Bowler may bowl more than 9.
 - (b) Where overs are subsequently reduced to a number less than some players have already bowled they shall be no penalty on those bowlers; they new maximum applies only to remaining bowlers.
- 3) Pace Bowlers shall be restricted as follows:
 - (a) General Restriction
 - i) Under 16 a maximum of 6 overs in a continuous spell and 12 overs in a day
 - ii) Under 14 a maximum of 5 overs in a continuous spell and 10 overs in a day
 - iii) Under 12 a maximum of 4 overs in a continuous spell and 8 overs in a day
 - iv) Under 10 a maximum of 4 overs in a continuous spell and 8 overs in a day
 - (b) Following any spell of bowling greater than 1 over that bowler must be rested for at least twice the number of overs that he/she bowled during the spell.
 - (c) A pace bowler can interrupt his/her spell of bowling to change ends so long as this act is carried out immediately. For example, the bowler can bowl Overs 1 and 3, then miss Over 5 and change ends to bowl over number 6. This is to be considered as a continuous spell.
 - (d) The Bowlers rest period is not reduced by any break in play.
- 4) What is a "Pace" Bowler
 - (a) For the purpose of this law a pace bowler is one who bowls at or above medium pace and to whom the wicketkeeper would normally stand back from the stumps. If the wicketkeeper chooses to stand up to the stumps for a pace bowler this action will not excuse the bowler from these restrictions.
 - (b) The umpires shall be the sole judges of who is a pace bowler but if they disagree the restriction will apply. If the umpires agree that the restriction should apply then there will be no avenue for later dispute. Where an officially appointed umpire controls the match he/she alone shall be responsible for this decision.
 - (c) It is the responsibility of the umpire at the bowler's end to signal to the scorers that a bowler is restricted. This shall be done by raising both arms above the head and crossing them.
 - (d) Umpires and Scorers shall be responsible for keeping count of the limitation of overs for pace bowlers.
 - (e) If a bowler (other than a pace bowler) during his/her spell bowls a ball that in the opinion of the umpire is a pace ball then, for the purpose of this law, the bowler will be deemed a pace bowler. The umpire will signal his decision to the scorers that the bowler is now restricted. In this event, the number of overs bowled from the beginning of his/her spell shall count as "pace". If that number exceeds the limits set down under this Regulation the bowler will cease bowling at the end of the over in progress.

- (f) Should a pace bowler inadvertently begin an extra over and the mistake is noticed he/she shall be immediately taken off and the over completed by another bowler. All deliveries made to the time the error is detected shall stand. All runs, penalties and wickets taken in that period shall also stand.

6.5 Dangerous and unfair bowling

6.5.1 Bowling of fast short pitched balls (MCC Law 42.6)

- 1) The bowling of fast short pitched balls is dangerous and unfair if the umpire at the bowler's end considers that by their repetition and taking into account their length, height and direction they are likely to inflict physical injury on the striker, irrespective of the protective equipment he may be wearing. The relative skill of the striker shall be taken into consideration.
- 2) Any delivery which, after pitching, passes or would have passed over head height of the striker standing upright at the crease, although not threatening physical injury, is unfair and shall be considered as part of the repetition sequence in (1) above.
- 3) The umpire shall call and signal **No ball** for each such delivery.

6.5.2 Bowling of high full pitched balls (MCC Law 42.6)

- 1) Any delivery, other than a slow paced one, which passes or would have passed **on the full above waist height** of the striker standing upright at the crease is to be deemed dangerous and unfair, whether or not it is likely to inflict physical injury on the striker.
- 2) A **slow delivery** which passes or would have passed **on the full above shoulder height** of the striker standing upright at the crease is to be deemed dangerous and unfair, whether or not it is likely to inflict physical injury on the striker.
- 3) Action by the umpire
 - (a) In the event of dangerous or unfair bowling, as defined above, by any bowler, except as in 6.5.3, at the first instance the umpire at the bowler's end shall call and signal **No ball** and, when the ball is dead, caution the bowler, inform the other umpire, the captain of the fielding side and the batsmen of what has occurred. This caution shall continue to apply throughout the innings.
 - (b) If there is a second instance of such dangerous or unfair bowling by the same bowler in that innings, the umpire at the bowler's end shall repeat the above procedure and indicate to the bowler that this is a final warning. Both the above caution and final warning shall continue to apply even though the bowler may later change ends.
 - (c) Should there be a further instance by the same bowler in that innings, the umpire shall
 - i) call and signal **No ball**.
 - ii) direct the captain, when the ball is dead, to take the bowler off forthwith. The over shall be completed by another bowler, who shall neither have bowled the previous over nor be allowed to bowl the next over.
 - iii) The bowler thus taken off shall not be allowed to bowl again in that innings.
 - iv) report the occurrence to the other umpire, the batsmen and, as soon as practicable, the captain of the batting side.
 - v) report the occurrence, with the other umpire, as soon as possible to the Competition Manager, who shall take such action as is considered appropriate against the captain and bowler concerned.

6.5.3 Deliberate bowling of high full pitched balls (MCC Law 42.8)

- 1) If the umpire considers that a high full pitch which is deemed to be dangerous and unfair, as defined above, was deliberately bowled, then the caution and warning prescribed in 6.5.2 shall be dispensed with. The umpire shall
 - (a) call and signal **No ball**.
 - (b) direct the captain, when the ball is dead, to take the bowler off forthwith.
 - (c) implement the remainder of the procedure as laid down in 3(c) above.

7 FIELDING

7.1 Close Fielding

- 1) In the Under 16's, 14A, 14B and 12A a player may field within **10 metres** of the Striker provided they wear a properly fitting cricket helmet with face guard and (for male players) a protector.
- 2) In all other Grades no player, with the exception of the wicketkeeper and offside fielders entirely

behind the Batting Crease, may field within **10 metres** of the Striker.

- 3) The umpires will be the sole judges of the 10 metres.
- 4) If a fielder breaches this rule prior to the ball striking the batter, passing the stumps or being hit by the batter, either umpire shall call and signal “dead ball”.

7.2 Limitation of Leg Side Fielder

- 1) At the instant of the bowler’s delivery there shall **not be more than 5 fielders on the Leg-Side** of whom no more than two fielders, other than the wicket-keeper, may be behind the batting crease on the leg side. A fielder will be considered to be behind the batting crease unless the whole of his person, whether grounded or in the air, is in front of this line.

7.3 Protective Gear for Wicket Keepers

All Wicket Keepers must wear leg guards, keeping gloves, and (for males) a protector.

8 FINALS

8.1 Determination of Premiership

- 1) Finals shall be played in all Competitions, except for Under 8, between teams finishing first and second on the competition points score tables.
- 2) If teams finish level on the points score table their ultimate position shall be decided by the Quotient system, which is the team's batting average divided by its bowling average.
- 3) All outstanding fines and other financial debts to the SSJCA must be settled by clubs prior to teams being permitted to participate in Finals.
- 4) If, for any reason, a Final is declared a draw the Minor Premiers in that grade shall be declared Premiers.
- 5) If the Final is tied both teams shall be declared as "Joint Premiers".

8.2 Player Eligibility

- 1) Unless specially exempted from this Regulation by the Management Committee, players competing in Finals must be graded in and have played at least 5 competition games for that team in the current season.
- 2) As an exception, where a team has less than 11 players available, the provisions of Regulation 3.2.3 (Playing in a Higher Age or Grade (i.e. to bat, bowl or keep wickets)) shall apply. Preference must be given to players of the same age group.
- 3) A player is deemed to have played a competition match only if he/she:
 - a) Was nominated on the team sheet, and
 - b) Was legitimately recorded in the match results as having participated in the match.
- 4) If a player fails to meet this qualification, e.g. was sick, injured or had family commitments (other than attending other sporting functions) or other exceptional circumstances during a match the player may wish to claim an exemption by writing, via their Club Secretary, to the Secretary of the Association.
- 5) Umpires are required to enforce the requirements of Regulation 2.1. Players not correctly dressed shall not be permitted to participate.

8.3 Umpires for Finals

- 1) Official SSCUA umpires will be sought for all Finals. Umpires' fees must be paid by both teams competing in the match.
- 2) Where the SSCUA is not able to provide sufficient official umpires Clubs may be required to supply neutral umpires.
 - a) Clubs that do not provide umpires when requested will be ineligible to have teams participate in the final.
 - b) Umpires supplied by Clubs shall officiate at matches as directed by the Competition Manager.
- 3) Where one SSCUA or SSJCA appointed Umpire is in control of the game, the Square Leg Umpire shall be supplied as follows:-
 - a) Grades 14B and above - by the Batting side.
 - b) Grades 14C and below - by the Fielding side.
- 4) The umpire shall oversight the toss of a coin for the right to determine whether to bat or bowl. The team being the Minor Premier shall have the right to either conduct the toss **or** elect to call "heads" or "tails".

8.4 Playing Times and Minimum overs

- 1) Weather permitting, Finals will be played as one day matches on the Saturday and Sunday immediately following the end of the final competition round subject to the terms and conditions set out below.
- 2) Weather permitting, playing times for the Finals will be: -
 - a) 60 overs games 9.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. (First innings ends 1.10 p.m.) Lunch break 40 minutes.
 - b) 50 overs games 9.30 a.m. to 4.10 p.m. (First innings ends 12.30 p.m.) Lunch break 40 minutes
 - c) 35 overs games 9.30 a.m. to 2.10 p.m. (First innings ends 11.30 a.m.) Lunch break 40 minutes
- 3) The minimum number of overs required to be bowled in the first innings of each team for a result to be obtained (Unless an innings ends or is declared beforehand):
 - a) 60 overs games - 45 overs
 - b) 50 overs games - 34 overs
 - c) 35 overs games - 24 overs
- 4) Drink Breaks shall be taken as follows:
 - a) In 60 overs games only, a compulsory 10 minutes break shall be taken at the end of the over in progress at 11.15 a.m. and 3.35 p.m. respectively unless an innings ends or is declared within 15 minutes of these times in which case only the normal 10 minute changeover time shall be taken.
 - b) In 50 over games a 5 minute drink break is to be taken on the field at the end of the over in progress at 11.00am and 2.40pm respectively unless an innings ends or is declared within 15 minutes of these times in which case only the normal 10 minute changeover time shall be taken.
 - c) In 35 over games a 5 minute drink break is to be taken on the field at the end of the over in progress at 10.30am and 1.10pm respectively unless an innings ends or is declared within 15 minutes of these times in which case only the normal 10 minute changeover time shall be taken.
- 5) If the innings of the team batting first is completed and there is less than 15 minutes of batting time (i.e. 25 minutes of actual time) remaining before lunch or the end of the day, it shall not be mandatory for the side batting second to begin its innings. However if the team batting second chooses to bat under such circumstances then play will continue until the end of the over in progress at the time scheduled for the break that is due.

8.5 Match Interruptions

8.5.1 Fitness to play

- 1) On the first day set down for a Final any decision relating to fitness of ground, weather or light is vested solely with the SSCUA umpire or the Umpires appointed by the Association.
- 2) If the start of play is delayed until the scheduled end of the 1st innings the match shall be postponed to the following day unless in the opinion of the Umpire(s) conditions make it reasonable to wait after that time.

8.5.2 Extending Play on Day 1

If any interruptions occur after play has commenced the playing times may be adjusted by the umpires. On both days of a final umpires may decide to continue play for not more than 1 hour after the time shown in Regulation 8.4 if they consider such a decision to be warranted; having regard to the fact that no innings or match shall exceed the actual amount of playing time set down in 8.4.

8.5.3 Carry over to day 2

If a Final has been commenced on the first day set down for a Final, umpires may decide to continue the match on day two where they consider such a decision to be warranted.

8.5.4 Cessation of Play

- 1) In uninterrupted games play shall cease at the end of the over in progress at the appropriate time shown in regulation 8.4 unless the first innings of both teams is concluded beforehand. In this event the provisions of 8.5 will determine the time for cessation of play.
- 2) In interrupted games, playing times shall be determined by the umpires in accordance with 8.5 above.

8.6 Playing Conditions

- 1) All Finals cricket shall be played under the rules applicable to their grade.
- 2) Pace bowling restrictions as per Regulation 6.4 will apply, note the maximum number of overs a player may bowl in a day

- 3) The first innings of each team shall be limited to the number of overs set down for the various grades by the Management Committee at the beginning of each season. If not dismissed beforehand, the team scoring the greater number of runs shall be declared the winner subject to the following:
 - a) If there has been no loss of time due to the condition of the ground, weather or light the innings of the team batting first shall conclude at the time shown in Regulation 8.4 (for the grade being played) unless the required number of overs have been bowled. The team batting second shall then be limited to receiving the same number of overs.
 - b) If, for any reason, the team batting second should not receive its full quota of overs the result shall be decided on the comparison of the RUN RATE OF BOTH TEAMS. (see 3.10.1)
- 4) If less than the number of overs required by Regulation 8.4 have been bowled by each team the match shall be regarded as drawn unless a result has been previously obtained. A draw shall not be awarded if the minimum over requirements have been satisfied.
- 5) In an uninterrupted match should either team fail to bowl its quota of overs in the time allowed, the matter shall be referred to the Management Committee for decision as to the result of the match and penalties, if any, to be imposed.
- 6) After the first innings of each team has been completed or a first innings result has been obtained and there is still time remaining, play shall continue until the scheduled end of play unless BOTH CAPTAINS agree that no further result is possible in which case stumps may be drawn. However if EITHER CAPTAIN is of the opinion that an outright result may be obtained play shall continue until the end of the over in progress at the time shown in Regulation 8.4 unless an outright result is previously obtained or BOTH CAPTAINS agree on a cessation of play. Where considered necessary Umpires may allow Captains a maximum of 5 minutes to consult with their Team Managers. This time is to be deducted from the 10-minute changeover time where such an interval applies.
- 7) It is not mandatory for either team to bat for its full quota of overs if a declaration is desired provided that if the team batting first does not wish to bat for its full quota of overs, the team batting second shall still be entitled to receive its full quota of overs regardless of the number of overs received by the team batting first but see Regulation 3.8.

9 CODE OF CONDUCT

The SSJCA shall apply a Code of Conduct based on sportsmanship, fair play, and consideration for the efforts and responsibilities of others.

9.1 To whom does the Code apply ?

The Code applies to all Playing Members, and all Club Members, parents, officials and others participating in the activities of the SSJCA and having an affiliation with the SSJCA as provided for in the SSJCA Constitution.

9.2 What is the Code ?

- 1) At all times, on and off the field, at SSJCA functions, matches and, in relation to SSJCA affairs, officials, players, and all others to whom this Code applies shall conduct themselves in an appropriate manner as to promote the good name of cricket, the work of the SSJCA and the club or organisation with which the player, official or other person may be a member of, or representing.
- 2) A person to whom the code applies must not: -
 - (a) Assault or attempt to assault an Umpire, another Player, club official or Spectator; or
 - (b) Abuse, either orally or physically, an Umpire, another Player, club official or Spectator; or
 - (c) Dispute, as distinct from question, an Umpire's decision, or react in an obviously provocative or disapproving manner towards an Umpire, his/her decisions, or generally following an Umpire's decision; or
 - (d) Use crude or abusive language or engage in any form of conduct likely to be against the spirit of the game or to bring the game into disrepute; or
 - (e) Use crude or abusive hand signals or other gestures; or
 - (f) Agree or attempt to obtain agreement between players or officials to produce a match result by methods such as unusual declarations, deliberate loss of wickets, or any other action that offends against the principles of fair play.
- 3) Refusal by a person to supply his/her full name and address (if any) upon request by a person eligible to lodge a complaint constitutes a Breach of the Code and may be dealt with in accordance with the provisions existing for all such matters.

9.2.1 The Code as applied to players.

When playing the game players shall at all times conduct themselves in a sportsmanlike manner. Swearing, sledging (see 9.2.3), the display of disagreement by verbal comment or gestures with rulings or decisions, and any other conduct likely to be prejudicial to the good name of the sport and the interests of the SSJCA is totally unacceptable.

9.2.2 The Code as applied to others.

Actions of the nature described below may lead to disciplinary action.

- 1) All officials, coaches, managers, club supporters, and others having membership of the SSJCA, attending matches organised by, or involving SSJCA Representative teams shall conduct themselves in a sportsmanlike manner at all times. Actions and behaviour likely to bring the SSJCA into disrepute or to tarnish the good name of cricket are totally unacceptable.
- 2) Anyone entering the field of play at any time without the prior approval of the Umpire(s) is a breach of the Code of Conduct; except in the case of a medical or accident emergency requiring immediate response in the interests of player/umpire welfare.
- 3) Club members attending matches as spectators who interfere with the conduct of matches, or with the work of club officials carrying out their duties at Association organised matches, or act in a manner detrimental to the good of the game are in breach of the Code of Conduct.
- 4) Club members who interfere with the responsibilities of the Management Committee, or who through their actions, undermine the authority and functions of the SSJCA are in breach of the Code of Conduct.

9.2.3 What is Sledging ?

For the purposes of the SSJCA Code of Conduct sledging is defined as, "The giving of comments, insults and /or gestures by a player of one team to another of the opposition team causing personal offence and distraction such as to detract from that player's ability to play the game."

- 1) It would be expected that to constitute a cause for complaint any player so offended will request that

such actions discontinue immediately and, failure by the offender to do so will, in turn, constitute a prima facie case of sledging.

- 2) In this event the player affronted should report it immediately to the Umpire who may take action under MCC Law 42. Following the day's play, the Player or the Umpire should also report the incident in writing through his/her club/organisation should either wish to make a complaint of a breach of the Code of Conduct.

9.3 Who can lodge a complaint and how ?

- 1) Any Club member, official, player, umpire, or member of the Management Committee may lodge a complaint.
- 2) A complaint must be lodged in writing by the Club Secretary (or the Secretary of the SSCUA) with the Association Secretary within **10 days** of the alleged occurrence.
- 3) The Complaint shall state the nature of the allegation and all the circumstances relating to the matter. In instances of bad language leading to a complaint the Complainant must, in the process, be prepared to specify the words used and the context in which delivered.

9.4 Action by the Competition Manager

- 1) The Competition Manager, on becoming aware of matters occurring in any game that gives rise to a possible breach of the MCC Laws or SSJCA Regulations may make such inquiries and seek such written reports from Clubs and other affiliated bodies concerned as are necessary to resolve the matter.
- 2) Such report(s) are to be submitted to and considered by the Match Review Committee within **7 days** of their receipt.
- 3) The awarding of Competition points by the Competition Manager may be held in abeyance pending completion of the investigation and determination of the matter.
- 4) The complaint shall be considered by the Match Review Committee which shall determine what action, if any, it shall take. Any action taken shall be conveyed to the relevant Clubs as soon as possible following receipt of the report.

9.5 The Match Review Committee

- 1) The **Match Review Committee** (MRC) upon being made aware of a complaint, being an allegation of a breach of the Code of Conduct, shall forthwith require the person alleged to have committed the breach to appear before it as soon as possible and prior to the commencement of the next round.
- 2) No person accused of a breach of the code of conduct shall be denied natural justice in responding to any allegation of a breach.
- 3) The MRC shall be the body responsible for assessing all reports and where it appears to the MRC from an initial (prima facie) examination of the information reported that a breach has occurred it shall act on the matter immediately. In so doing it is empowered to determine a penalty where warranted.
- 4) The MRC can only proceed to a decision and determine a penalty if the offender pleads guilty to the breach alleged.
 - (a) Upon a person pleading guilty to the allegation and a penalty determined, the Chairman of the MRC shall inform the Secretary of the offender's club of that penalty within 24 hours of the determination. It will be the responsibility of the Club Secretary to ensure that the penalty is applied.
 - (b) Within the limits prescribed by the Constitution (Paragraph 9.3) such penalty shall be limited to one or more of the following: -
 - i) Issue a warning or reprimand
 - ii) Require an apology (be it verbal or written)
 - iii) Impose a monetary penalty on the offender
 - iv) Suspend for a period determined by the Committee (**clarify who can be suspended, player, official, spectator**)
 - (c) Failure by a person to comply with a penalty determined by the MRC will automatically mean that person shall take no further part in SSJCA activities until the penalty requirements have been satisfied.
- 5) Should guilt be denied at the hearing then the matter must be referred by the MRC to a Judiciary Committee. The Chairman of the MRC will then be responsible for advocating the case before the Judiciary. No disciplinary action can be taken against the alleged offender in the period pending a Judiciary hearing.

- (a) Upon referral to a Judiciary it is incumbent upon that body to immediately set and publicise a date for hearing (and that date shall be no later than **3 weeks** after the date of the MRC hearing). It is the responsibility of the Chair of the MRC to formulate the description of the alleged breach. The gaining of statements from parties involved must be a priority matter and be in the hands of the Judiciary no later than **3 days** prior to the hearing.

9.6 The Judiciary Committee

9.6.1 Membership and Responsibility

- 1) A Judiciary Committee shall hear all alleged breaches of the Code referred by the Match Review Committee.
- 2) No person may be a member of a Judiciary Committee if that hearing involves an alleged offender or complainant connected with a Club or body of which the proposed Judiciary person is an active member. (See rule 22.6 – SSJCA Constitution – “close association”).
- 3) It is the responsibility of the Judiciary to investigate the matter to the extent necessary to ensure that justice is done and the person responding to the allegation is afforded a fair and proper hearing.

9.6.2 Dealing with Breaches

- 1) Within **7 days** of an alleged breach of the Code being referred to a Judiciary Committee the Secretary must:
 - (a) Convene the Judiciary hearing as soon as practicable and preferably before the next playing date of the competition.
 - (b) Give the person who is the subject of the proposed hearing a copy of all reports considered by the Match Review Committee; and
 - (c) Give that person's Club Secretary a copy of such reports; and
 - (d) The time and place for such Judiciary hearing must be set out in that notice and must be at least **3 days** after the time that the person receives such notice. Any notice sent by Post is deemed to have been received **2 working days** after the date of Posting.
 - (e) The Association may ask the person who reported the breach to appear at the Judiciary hearing by giving notice to that person in accordance with these regulations.

9.6.3 Judicial Process.

A Judicial Committee must address the requirements of Natural Justice and Procedural Fairness in any process before it. Key points of the process are:

- 1) It shall be a non-legal process with emphasis on natural justice, fair play, and procedural fairness.
- 2) It shall avoid application of the rules of evidence to facilitate a non-legal environment.
- 3) It shall set out the nature of the breach clearly and specifically so that the person “charged” may have clear understanding and the right to respond in defence of the allegations.
- 4) It shall provide for the hearing and taking of evidence from minors.
- 5) It shall provide for any person accused to have a non-participatory/observer witness in attendance.
- 6) It shall seek to resolve all matters speedily yet not with unseemly haste such as to disadvantage any party.
- 7) It shall aim to be corrective rather than punitive but shall provide for fines and suspensions.
- 8) It shall have the power to direct Clubs to take actions arising out of the outcome of such hearings.
- 9) It shall have the power to hear any such part of any hearing in camera.
- 10) All information heard in the judicial process shall be confidential to the Judiciary Members.
- 11) It shall provide for an appeal process.

9.6.4 If a Person does not attend the Judiciary Meeting

- 1) If the Judiciary Committee is satisfied that proper notice was served it may conduct the proceedings in the absence of the person given notice to appear, and, if necessary, the person who has made the complaint.
- 2) If a person who was given notice to appear fails to do so, and the Judiciary Committee proceeds, it may subsequently set aside any order made in the absence of that person, upon receipt of advice satisfactory to it, that the person did not receive the notice. The Judiciary Committee shall then determine on the facts available to it whether to proceed or dispense with the matter.

9.6.5 Penalties for Breaches of the Code of Conduct

- 1) Without limiting the range of penalties it may impose, the Judiciary Committee may:
 - (a) Issue a warning in the form of a reprimand to the person appearing before it; or

- (b) Impose a fine; or
 - (c) Suspend or disqualify that person for a specified period of time; or
 - (d) Any combination of (a), (b) (c) above; or
 - (e) Otherwise deal with the person.
 - (f) Suspend the operation of any Penalty on any terms it thinks fit.
 - (g) The Judiciary Committee must report any action taken under 11.4 (c) above to the Management Committee as soon as possible.
- 2) Any fine must be paid to the Association within **30 days** of the person being notified that the fine has been imposed.
 - 3) A person is ineligible for selection or participation in, or appointment to, any match or fixture set down by the Association until any fine imposed on him/her has been paid or penalty served.
 - 4) Any person who fails to present themselves at a hearing of the Judiciary Committee without just cause, having been given due notice of their attendance being required, shall be deemed to be guilty of misconduct and shall be liable to such penalty as determined by that Committee.

9.6.6 Restrictions on Persons Found Guilty

A person, other than an employee of the SSJCA or a local Club, who has been suspended or fined, or otherwise dealt with by the Judiciary Committee and who has not been completely exonerated on appeal:

- 1) Is prohibited from acting in any administrative position or as an Office Bearer of his/her Club or the Association; and
- 2) Is prohibited from acting as Captain, Manager or Coach of any team taking part in a fixture conducted by the Association or his/her Club; and
- 3) Is ineligible to be a Delegate to, or Office Bearer of, the SSJCA until the expiration of any suspension, or any fine imposed has been paid.

9.6.7 Reporting the Judiciary Findings

- 1) The Judiciary Committee must verbally advise the person, who is the subject of the report, of its decision as soon as possible after the hearing
- 2) As soon as practicable after the hearing the Judiciary Committee must give written notice of its decision to:
 - a) The person who is subject of the report; and
 - b) That person's Club; and
 - c) The person who lodged the report.
 - d) The appropriate Association where the person who lodged the complaint is a member of the Sutherland Shire Cricket Umpires Association or the NSW Cricket Umpires Association. The Secretary must give written notice setting out the details of the Judiciary Committee's report and findings.
- 3) The Management Committee's decision pertaining to any item above, when announced to a General Meeting shall contain only the finding. No transcript of the evidence or any part thereof shall be promulgated unless, by order of the President, at a closed meeting attended only by those Bona Fide members entitled to attend such a meeting.

9.6.8 Judiciary Records

The Secretary of the Association shall keep all records of proceedings and decisions relating to Judiciary hearings for a period not exceeding two years at which time the records shall be destroyed.

9.7 Appeals

- 1) All appeals must be in accordance with the provisions of the SSJCA Constitution and specifically address the requirements contained in rule 11, and rule 23.
- 2) Any appeal arising from the Judiciary process should be determined by an Appeals hearing to be carried out within **7 days** of receiving notice of appeal. No person having prior involvement in the workings of the Match Review Committee or Judiciary Committee may hear an appeal though that person(s) be a member of the Management Committee.
- 3) If insufficient persons are available to provide an Appeal hearing the Management Committee for the purposes of providing an independent and unbiased hearing may appoint external persons having no prior involvement in the matter as Associate Members of the Association for the duration of the matter before it.
- 4) An appeal must be in writing, and lodged within **7 days** of receiving the decision of the Judiciary Committee. It must contain the grounds on which the appeal is based. An appeal may be lodged

against the decision of the Committee or against the severity of the penalty determined.

10 TROPHY AND AWARD REGULATIONS

10.1 Trophies And Awards

- 1) The Management Committee annually, and as soon as practicable following the completion of the season finals, shall determine the trophies to be awarded for team and individual performances.
- 2) In accordance with the SSJCA Regulations (Part 2 – Administration, see Para. 3.10), as at the 31st March, any club in default or having unpaid fines, shall by its actions cause any player within that club to be ineligible to receive any Association award or trophy.
- 3) Any member player, who, breaches the SSJCA Code of Conduct or that of any affiliated body, and/or commits an offence resulting in suspension, shall be ineligible to receive any Association award or trophy.
- 4) A member player who has not played as a declared team member in at least 5 SSJCA competition matches shall be ineligible to be considered as an award or trophy winner.
- 5) All members of a premiership winning team, as listed on the Team Nomination Form or participating in the match shall, if eligible, receive an individual award or trophy.
- 6) The Management Committee may make an award or provide a trophy if it is of the view that circumstances exist to warrant special recognition of an individual player's efforts.
- 7) The Management Committee reserves the right to withhold the granting of an award or provision of a trophy where in its judgement the standard of performance for any particular age group or division in any given year falls below what the Association considers a reasonable standard relative to previous years.
- 8) The Management Committee shall consider itself to be “the club” for the purposes of seeking to recognise outstanding representative cricket performances and shall make such awards and acknowledgements as it sees fit, provided that no such award may be made as to be in contradiction to the normal standards as perceived to apply to the competition proper.
- 9) Recognition of individual performances within the Annual Report will be contained to the first six players in order of merit starting at number one and listing them down to number six.

10.2 Team Trophies

- 1) A perpetual trophy shall be awarded to each and every team being declared Competition Premier in its division and age group. (See SSJCA Trophies List – Perpetual Team Trophies.)
- 2) Where a premiership is shared, the team being the minor premier shall receive the trophy first and retain it for six months before handing it over to the other club. The second club shall be responsible for ensuring the return of the trophy at the end of the competition rounds.
- 3) The “Best Representative Team Performance” will be awarded to the team with the best result in the NSWDCA Inter-district series competition. If more than one team finishes in equal position, with equal points, the quotient of each team shall be calculated to determine the winner. The President's X11 Competition is excluded from consideration.

10.3 Individual Trophies

- 1) Trophies for individual performances arising from playing of traditional cricket within the SSJCA competition shall be awarded as follows:-
 - (a) Best Batting aggregate
 - (b) Best Bowling aggregate
 - (c) Best Batting average
 - (d) Best Bowling average
 - (e) Best Wicket Keeping performance
- 2) Any performance in a final will be excluded for the purpose of determining all instances of individual awards. Only competition rounds will count.
- 3) Awards shall be made where merited for the best individual performance by a player in accordance with the SSJCA Trophies List . (See 10.7 SSJCA Trophies List.)
- 4) In determining the “Best” performance whether it be batting or bowling, aggregate will take precedence over average.
- 5) To provide an objective standard for arriving at the “**Best Performance**” by a cricketer in the age groups of under 10, under 12, and under 14, points will be awarded as follows:
 - (a) Runs – 1 point per run scored

- (b) Wickets – 10 points for each wicket taken
 - (c) Catches – 5 points for each catch taken
 - (d) Stumpings – 10 points per stumping (applicable only to wicketkeepers).
- 6) There shall be a Wicket-Keeper award for the best performance by players in Traditional cricket in each age group from Under 12 to Under 16. In determining any wicket keeping award, should there be an identical number of wickets taken, be they catches or stumpings, byes but not leg byes shall be taken into account and the lowest number of byes shall be given precedence.
 - 7) The “Cricketer of the Year” shall be selected from the 16A competition and primary consideration will be based on performances over the competition rounds.
 - (a) However, the Management Committee may, in order to select 1 from a number of outstanding candidates, take into account demonstrated performance at Representative cricket level.
 - (b) In assessing performances the Management Committee shall be guided by the standard set out above for the “**Best Performance**” in other “A grade age groups.
 - 8) The “Best Representative Team Player” individual award shall apply to those participating in the NSWDCA Inter-districts representative series. It shall be determined by reference to the recognition of individual performances made by the NSWDCA in the first instance. Where more than 1 player is recognised an objective assessment will be made on aggregate figures utilising the formula contained in Paragraph 5 above. Where no NSWDCA recognition exists the Management Committee will determine whether an award is to be made using the criteria specified in the preceding statement. The Presidents X11 Competition is excluded from consideration for this award.
 - 9) The “Best representative team player – Presidents XII Competition” shall apply to those participating in the Presidents X11 competition. The NSWDCA inter-districts series is excluded from consideration for this award. Determination of the award winner will utilise the formula contained in Paragraph 5 above.
 - 10) The “**Sutherland Medal**” is awarded the player who makes the most significant contribution to the 16A final. The award is decided by the Officials umpires, and is presented at the completion of the match.

10.4 Criteria For The Awarding Of Trophies

The following table shows the qualifying criteria for batting and bowling average awards

Type of Game	Batting Average	Bowling Average
60 over games	240 runs or more	Minimum 50 overs bowled.
50 over games	150 runs or more	Minimum 40 overs bowled
35 over games	100 runs or more	Minimum 30 overs bowled

10.5 Responsibility For Perpetual Trophies

- 1) All Perpetual Trophies remain the property of the SSJCA and shall be returned to the Secretary in a presentable condition each year by no later than the end of the last competition round.
- 2) The Club of which the player is (or was for the previous season) a member, is responsible for ensuring the return of the trophy to the SSJCA Secretary by the time stipulated above.
- 3) Failure to return trophies as required will result in a fine.
- 4) The Management Committee shall hold the Club of which a player is a member responsible for reimbursing the Association the full cost of repairs or replacement where trophies have been damaged or lost while in the keeping of the Club or Club member.

10.6 The Chatland Award

The sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars (\$250.00), a donation from Mrs Chatland, shall remain on a fixed deposit and the interest paid annually to the SSJCAI by Bank Cheque to maintain the "Chatland Award". Only upon the request of the donor may this regulation be altered.

10.7 SSJCA Trophy List

The SSJCA Trophies list will be revised from year to year and varied to reflect changes in sponsorship and donations.

PERPETUAL TROPHIES	AWARD	AGE
BERTSHELL TROPHY	Club Championship	
JOHN WOODHOUSE MEMORIAL TROPHY	Cricketer of the Year	16A
CLIFF PADDY MEMORIAL TROPHY	Representative Individual Achievement Award – NSWDCI Inter- District Series	
ALAN WARD MEMORIAL TROPHY	Best Representative Team Performance – NSWDCI Inter-District Series	
HARRY PETERS TROPHY	Representative Individual Achievement Award – Presidents X11 competition	
PETER SCHOFIELD TROPHY	Best Representative Team Performance – Presidents X11 Competition	
S.D.C.C. TROPHY	Best Individual Performance	14A
ALAN CRASTON MEMORIAL TROPHY	Best Individual Performance	12A
ANDREW HILDITCH TROPHY	Best Individual Performance	10A
DON MASTERS MEMORIAL TROPHY	Best Association Wicketkeeper Traditional Cricket	

PERPETUAL TROPHIES - SSJCA TEAMS COMPETITION **GRADE**

THE J.A.DALEY MEMORIAL SHIELD	16A
THE FRED MALBON MEMORIAL TROPHY	16B
THE KEN WHATLEY TROPHY	16C
THE SPORTSGIFT TROPHY	16D
THE JOHN BANNON MEMORIAL TROPHY	14A
THE JOHN MOODIE MEMORIAL SHIELD	14B
THE KEN GARDNER MEMORIAL TROPHY	14C
THE GORDON THOMSON MEMORIAL TROPHY	14D
THE NEIL McINNES MEMORIAL TROPHY.	14E
THE TED WYKES TROPHY	12A
THE MORT EDSON TROPHY	12B
THE TYNAN MOTORS TROPHY	12C
THE IRENE RUTTY MEMORIAL TROPHY	12D
THE RAY BRENNAN TROPHY	12E
THE SNOW DAVIES TROPHY	12F
THE DON CLARK TROPHY	12G
THE RON HILDITCH TROPHY	10A
THE KEN PRENDERGAST TROPHY	10B
THE WALLY CROUCHER MEMORIAL TROPHY	10C
THE IVOR CHALMERS MEMORIAL TROPHY	10D
THE WHATLEY FAMILY TROPHY	10E
THE CLAUDE MANN TROPHY	10F

<u>NON-PERPETUAL AWARDS</u>	AWARD	AGE
THE CHATLAND AWARD	Best Association Batting Performance Traditional Cricket	U16/U14
THE JIM LYNCH TROPHY	Best Association Batting Performance Traditional Cricket	U12/U10
THE STAN STEED TROPHY	Best Association Bowling Performance Traditional Cricket	U16/U14
THE BRIAN QUINN TROPHY	Best Association Bowling Performance Traditional Cricket	U12/U10
THE BILL LAWLER MEMORIAL TROPHY	Most Catches	U16/U14
THE JACK RUTTY MEMORIAL TROPHY	Most Catches	U12/U10
THE LANCE HANDLEY TROPHY	Best Association Score Book	OPEN